

**Questions and Answers**

**Call for Proposals: Support a Multisectoral SRHR and GBV Response Services in Palestine**

As part of the Intervention:  
Youth Protection & Civic Engagement  
Empowered Youth in a Green Palestine Portfolio

**Reference: PSE21002-10017**

QUESTION	ANSWER
1. Referring to synergies with Enabel projects, are we talking about in the context of Palestine or globally?	Synergies could be ongoing within different projects, or have this proposed action built on previous synergies. It is an advantage to have related experience and synergies to the proposed action. However, it is not a factor that entirely determines the exclusion or not. It is only preferable.
2. Can the applicant apply for another call for proposals if they have a potential or ongoing partnership with Enabel?	Yes. Organizations have an existing partnership with Enabel are also eligible to apply. Organizations that are also in the application process of other concept notes can apply as well. In the case that one applicant has been considered to receive more than one award, Enabel will assess capacities of organizations to determine their ability to implement the projects they have been selected to implement.
3. In terms of sustainability and vision by Enabel, I think there should be guidelines that ensures the participation of local organizations. This is an observation based on the fact that this call has INGOs eligibility.	This is not applicable for all CfPs. This is based on different factors. In this CfP, small CBOs may not have the required capacities to work on such project with high budget. Moreover, national NGOs are always eligible in Enabel's CfPs. Enabel also encourages partnerships among partners when submitting applications.
4. Regarding expansion of specific services, is there a limitation on this point regarding the type of construction activities that can be implemented?	Enabel is not going to build any structures under this CfPs. Rehabilitation means investing to improve an existing center without the need to have engineering capacities. Under this CfPs guidelines, please refer to the ineligible costs section.
5. Are there any limitation regarding admin, personnel, and other costs?	The budget has three main parts: operational costs for all activities, management cost, and structure costs. The latter is a maximum of 7% of the operational costs. At least 65% of the budget must go to operational costs.
6. How does the evaluation process of the concept note go?	Usually, a review committee assess the concept notes consisting of the technical team, MEAL, communications, etc. Mandate relevance and experience of the applicants are also considered to determine whether they will be selected for the next stage or not. This applies to both the main and co-applicants. The quality of the concept note's content is very important. For more information, check the evaluation template on the website, which is attached as an annex under this CfP.
7. Targeted locations for the one-stop center: Any guidelines to consider determining the exact locations where to establish those centers?	It depends on the organization's mandate and experience. The context, of course, must be considered. However, it is up to the organization to decide on the best location for those centers. <b>One stop center (OSC)</b> can have one of the four types: Hospital-based, tertiary care OSC, Health facility-based OSC run by NGOs, Stand-alone OSC, and OSCs located in other sector services. <i>For more information, please refer to</i>

	<p><i>“Understanding the Core Functions and Differences between Women and Girls Safe Spaces and One Stop Centers - GBV AoR Helpdesk 2022”.</i></p> <p>s</p>
<b>8. How will the reporting be conducted across different partners?</b>	When agreements are signed with the implementing partners, the main applicant who will sign the contract will be responsible for the overall reporting process using one report for activities in all areas. The agreement also highlights the details of the reporting obligations.
<b>9. Do organizations need to apply with a minimum of two organizations?</b>	Organizations can apply individually, or with other applicant(s) as an asset. Please refer to the guidelines.
<b>10. Are there any restrictions on partners? Do they have to be co-applicant or contractors? In either case, do they have different limitations on eligibility?</b>	The main applicant is accountable for implementing activities, reporting, follow up, etc. The main applicant's responsibility is to facilitate their relationship with the co-applicant. Under this CfP, there is no restrictions on channelling smaller sub-grants to other partners. It is best if these organizations are identified already. They can be labelled as co-applicants.
<b>11. If we have further questions, how do we contact you?</b>	This information session is directed at discussing any questions. However, the team is happy to receive your questions. Under this CfP, questions can be addressed to Iman Qassis (iman.qassis@enabel.be).
<b>12. The main outcome is establishing a one stop service/ center. So, in terms of an added value in your concept note evaluation, the international organizations are not service oriented. My question is there an added value if the leading applicant is an organization that delivers the services itself on the ground?</b>	The evaluation committee will consider different factors when reviewing the concept note. Please refer to some of the evaluation criteria as published on Enabel's website. The review committee will also look into how the application presents the division of labour among the applicants and whether this is positively impacting the quality of the services and/or is in the interest of the youth beneficiaries.
<b>13. We are a mental health and GBV organisation and contracting with a health service provider to purchase their services for the GBV cases. Is this type of partnership accepted, or the applicant need to have this service in their main intervention?</b>	One stop center where all beneficiaries receive every service, they need this in one facility. Most one stop centers are attached to another facility like a clinic or hospital. This facilitates the access of youth to GBV services. If the center is not attached to any hospitals or clinics, the organization need to consider accessibility and availability of services, such as health, psychosocial support, social services, security and legal one, or establish referral mechanisms to fulfil the gaps. The most important point here is that the one stop center added value is connected to another health facility whose visitors who can be males and females, including youth can access the one stop center without any stigma.
<b>14. Could you elaborate on the virtual component to the one stop center?</b>	Virtual services were established during Covid-19 period including psychosocial support and case management. Currently, the focus is on facilitating actual access to many women and other beneficiaries to these facilities.
<b>15. Are funds shared equally between the regions? Also, in terms of beneficiaries?</b>	It is not rigid. It depends on the action proposal to have a justification for which areas to focus on more. Same goes for the beneficiaries. It all has to be based on the context justification and the needs assessment for the issues of each area.

<p><b>16. How much weight is given to legal aid and awareness in comparison to health services required? Is the law faculty and its centers can be a leading applicant in partnership with relevant university centers?</b></p>	<p>The expected type of services in the OSC are in general health, psychosocial, social, security and legal. The awareness can be part of it when organisations are implementing with the community and partnering with other local entities. It is not only about the legal services. The health component is also important.</p>
<p><b>17. Can we have a mixed method in terms of how services are distributed in the one stop center?</b></p>	<p>Yes, adaptations are fine. However, justifications have to be made to explain why services are delivered in these areas and how. It was explained in the CfP guidelines that OSCs should be contextualised based on the area (West Bank, Gaza, and East Jerusalem).</p>
<p><b>18. In summary of action, it requires information on the lots, what does this mean?</b></p>	<p>This is not really relevant in this CfP. This is part of the standard template used for all types of calls for proposals.</p>

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